

How can YOU help protect your water?

Many people still think that water pollution comes from a specific source called 'point source' pollution like factories or sewage treatment plants but the Environmental Protection Agency estimates that now **Non-Point Sources (NPS) pollution is the single biggest factor affecting water quality today.**

"Non-Point Source (NPS) pollution" occurs when water from storms pick up chemicals and waste carrying them away from their source. This runoff finds its way into storm drains and enters the streams and rivers from which much of our drinking water comes. Non-point Source pollution include;

- Household chemicals
- Pet waste
- Yard waste
- Pesticides
- Trash
- Cleaning agents
- Salt and sand
- Grease
- Lawn fertilizers
- Motor Oil
- Septic systems
- And much more

The cost of this type of pollution is reflected in higher water bills, as drinking water coming from increasingly polluted sources is more expensive to treat.

What can you do? **Look inside for helpful Hints, or visit our website.**

The city would like to thank the Tennessee Department of Agriculture, Nonpoint Source Program and the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency for the illustrations and guidelines used in this brochure.

Fayetteville Water



Quality Board

One of America's Coolest Small Towns

P.O. Box 298, 125 N. Court Street
Fayetteville, WV 25840

304-574-0101

Fax: 304-574-4666

townoffayetteville.org

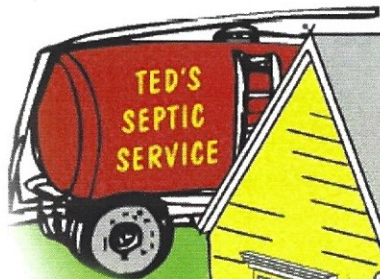
townoffayetteville@suddenlinkmail.com

This Brochure has been distributed to you by the Town of Fayetteville, West Virginia in an effort to increase your knowledge of our storm water management program and educational efforts as required by law. The town of Fayetteville appreciates the City of Charleston's stormwater assistance in providing helpful tips for the Fayetteville Water Quality Board.

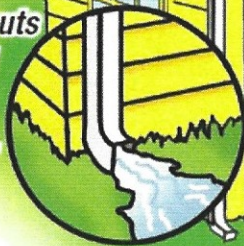
FAYETTEVILLE HOMEOWNERS' GUIDE TO CLEANER WATER



Have your septic tank pumped and septic system inspected regularly.



Direct downspouts onto lawns and away from paved surfaces.

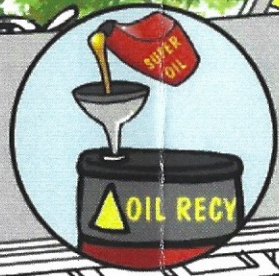


Plant grass or plants on the bare spots in your yard.



Follow directions on fertilizer labels and sweep off driveways, sidewalks, and roads so that the chemicals won't get into storm drains.

Check car for leaks and recycle used motor oil. Never pour it on the ground or into a storm drain.



Minimize pesticides; learn about Integrated Pest Management (IPM).

Compost yard wastes—leaves and grass. Don't dump them in ditches or waterways.



Take your car to a car wash or park it on the grass to wash so that the cleaners don't run off into storm drains.



Pick up after your pet. Don't let pet waste wash into storm drains.



NEVER pour any kind of waste into storm drains.



Clean water starts at home...

Fayetteville Water Quality Board ♦ 304-574-0101